General Instrument®

UCKFI FILE CUPY ORIGINAL

Acceptal Instrument Corporation
Wor Lafayette Centre
L1:3 21st Street, Suite 405
Washington, D.C. 20036
Fel 202 833 9700 Fax 202 466 3295
Enternet www.qi.com

May 27, 1998

EX PARTE OR LATE FILED

VIA HAND DELIVERY

Ms. Magalie Roman Salas Secretary Federal Communications Commission 1919 M St., N.W., Room 222 Washington, D.C. 20554 RECEIVED

MAY 2 7 1998

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION OFFICE OF THE SECHETARY

Re:

Ex Parte Notice, RM-9244 File No. CCB/CPD 98-15
(Petition of the Alliance for Public Technology Requesting Issuance of Notice of Inquiry and Notice of Proposed Rule Making to Implement Section 706 of the 1996
Telecommunications Act)

Dear Ms. Salas:

This letter provides notice that on May 26, 1998, Dr. Charles Eldering, consultant to NextLevel Communications and the undersigned met with Commissioner Harold Furchtgott-Roth and Paul Misener, Chief of Staff and Senior Legal Advisor in connection with the above-captioned proceeding.

The discussion focused on needed regulatory reform to encourage investment in broadband infrastructure. The attached document was provided during the meeting and should be included in the record in the above-captioned proceeding.

Kindly direct any questions about this matter to the undersigned.

Thank You.

Sincerely.

Christine G. Crafton G. Crafton

cc: Above-named parties

Attachment

No. of Copies rec'd 022 List A B C D E

Removing disincentives for broadband deployment

a presentation to Commissioner Furchtgott-Roth May 26, 1998

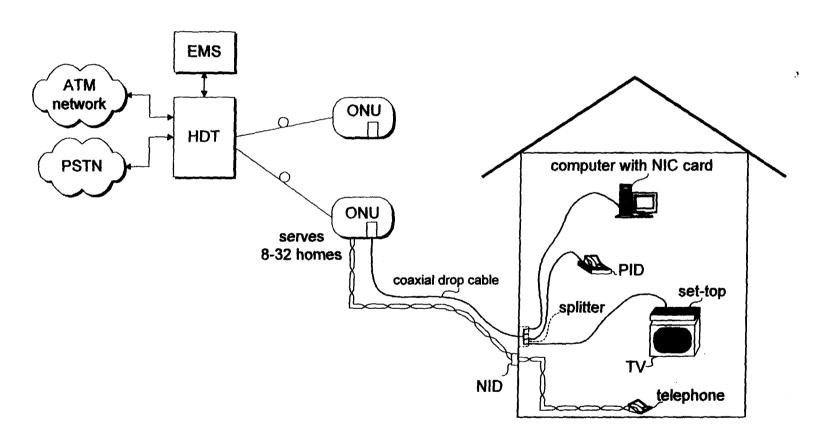


Charles Eldering, Ph.D.

Consultant to Next Level Communications

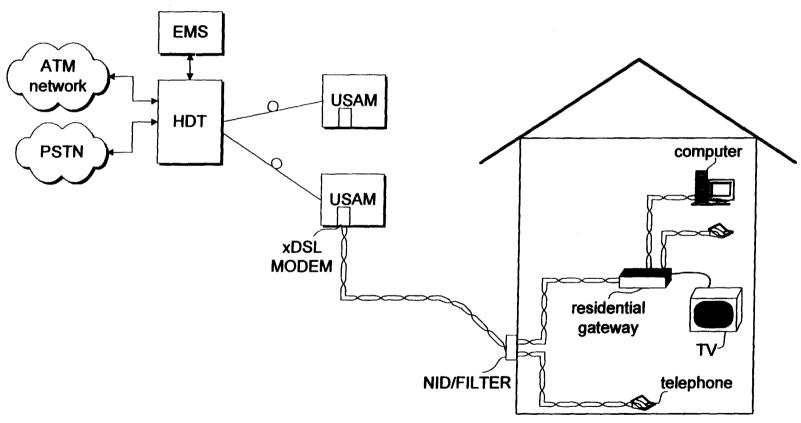
tel. (215) 340-6900, fax. (215) 340-0827, e-mail: celdering@tpltd.com

FTTC technology with coaxial drop cable





Twisted wire pair drop (xDSL) technology with a residential gateway



The Problem

- Economics of broadband high speed data and digital video- are not the same as for narrowband services
 - high broadband penetration rates are economically desirable, required by Section 706 of the Act, and will be based to a large extent on existing wired infrastructure
 - No economies of scale are available in initial deployments- only economies of scope
 - Broadband services require additional investment even when capitalizing on the existing twisted wire pair/cable infrastructure
- Encouraging investment in broadband infrastructures requires
 - Pure price caps for narrowband services with no exogenous adjustments
 - No forced unbundling of broadband network elements
 - No regulation of broadband services

